General Fund Revenue Summary

Slowing growth continues to be the message from local economists. While business indicators have weakened in the state in recent months, employment and consumer indicators support continued economic expansion. Headwinds, such as the global economic slowdown and the uncertainty of trade policy suggest downside risk to economic growth.

City of Aurora revenue growth has not yet experienced slowing growth, actually quite the opposite. General Fund revenue collections through November, summarized below, are ahead of the operating projection by $3.9 million (1.3%). This equates to a 6.6% increase over 2018. Collections of sales tax, capital-related use tax, and audit revenue drive overall 2019 performance. Capital-related use tax is transferred to the Capital Projects Fund and is excluded from General Fund operating revenue.

### Revenue by Category - November Year-to-Date ($ in Thou.)

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<tr>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General Sales Tax</td>
<td>$188,072</td>
<td>$16,060 (9.3%)</td>
<td>$2,020 (1.1%)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Capital-Related Use Tax</td>
<td>23,790</td>
<td>(2,272) (8.7%)</td>
<td>1,805 (8.2%)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Highway Users Tax/Fee</td>
<td>10,960</td>
<td>1,040 (10.5%)</td>
<td>502 (4.8%)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Audit Revenue</td>
<td>6,124</td>
<td>325 (5.6%)</td>
<td>1,271 (26.2%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fines and Forfeitures</td>
<td>4,155</td>
<td>(857) (17.1%)</td>
<td>(366) (8.1%)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Interest Income</td>
<td>1,919</td>
<td>606 (46.2%)</td>
<td>298 (18.4%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Intergovernmental</td>
<td>1,026</td>
<td>324 (46.2%)</td>
<td>369 (56.2%)</td>
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<tr>
<td>All Other Sources</td>
<td>105,175</td>
<td>3,579 (3.5%)</td>
<td>(188) (0.2%)</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Total Sources</strong></td>
<td><strong>$341,221</strong></td>
<td><strong>$18,805</strong> (5.8%)</td>
<td><strong>$5,710</strong> (1.7%)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Less Capital Transfer</td>
<td>34,275</td>
<td>(332) -1.0%</td>
<td>1,834 (5.7%)</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Operating Revenue</strong></td>
<td><strong>$306,946</strong></td>
<td><strong>$19,137</strong> (6.6%)</td>
<td><strong>$3,877</strong> (1.3%)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Economic Data Year-to-Date Comparisons

#### Unemployment Rate

Metro Area YTD average rate (Oct.) at 2.8%, down 0.3 percentage points from 2018 average.

#### Consumer Confidence Index

Mountain Region average YTD (Nov.) at 134.6, up 0.3% from 2018.

#### Aurora Building Permits

2,537 permitted YTD (Nov.), up 8.1% from 2018.

#### Metro Area Home Sales

YTD (Oct.) sales show an increase of 6.7% compared to 2018.

All indicator data is the most current available as of this report’s publication date.

### Sales Tax

Higher than budgeted sales tax collections over the first several months of the year led staff to increase expected 2019 sales tax collections by $6.3 million over budget. Collections through November have surpassed the projection by $2.0 million. When comparing to 2018, year-to-date collections are up 9.3%, as shown by the Sales Tax Performance chart, making 2019 the highest rate of increase seen since 1999.

The chart below shows that monthly collections have been strong throughout the year. Data (particularly quarterly collections in April, July, and Oct.) suggests the recent state regulation requiring out-of-Aurora retailers to collect sales tax based on the location of the buyer has had a positive impact. A significant impact, particularly in July, August, and October results, has also stemmed from development in the city leading to business-to-business sales.

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City of Aurora, CO | Monthly Revenue Summary | November 2019
**Capital Related Use Tax**

Capital-related use tax is comprised of building materials use tax (BMUT) and other (equipment and consumables) use tax. Because these revenue streams are predominantly generated by activities relating to one-time construction projects, they are transferred out of the General Fund to the Capital Projects Fund to be used for one-time purposes. Therefore, this revenue is excluded from General Fund operating revenue.

Higher than budgeted capital-related use tax collections over the first half of the year led staff to increase expected 2019 collections by $814,100 over the budget. Combined collections through November have surpassed the projection by $1.8 million with BMUT collections tracking ahead of projection and other use tax collections behind.

When comparing to 2018, year-to-date collections are 8.7% less as seen on the Capital-Related Use Tax Performance chart below. An inordinately large amount collected in October 2018 will not recur, causing annual collections to fall further behind 2018 yet remain at a historically healthy level. Year-to-date combined collections are higher than every other year except 2018.

**Fines and Forfeitures**

Collections of fines and forfeitures are generated primarily by the issuance of tickets. Tickets often result in modified behavior and are one of many public safety tools. Traffic tickets are the main source of funding in this revenue stream yet tickets are also issued for certain criminal charges, building regulation violations, and animal, zoning and fire charges. Also included in this funding source are court bond forfeitures, library and restricted breed fines, and various types of restitution.

Year-to-date collections of fines and forfeitures are coming in behind 2018 by $856,800 (17.1%) which is $366,200 less than the mid-year projection. Through October, traffic tickets issued have declined 16.5% after increasing 23.0% in 2018 over 2017. In 2017, increased violence towards law enforcement nationwide led Aurora to mandate two officers per vehicle. This reduced the number of patrol vehicles on the road. In 2018, enforcement returned to one officer per vehicle and this, combined with new leadership in the Traffic Division, led to an increase in tickets issued and a corresponding increase in collections. For 2019, Traffic Division staffing shortages have hampered officers’ ability to issue tickets at 2018 levels.
Finance Department Indicators (for the month ending 11/30/19)

Accounts Payable
By making payments within the standard 30 days or less, the city can capture vendor discount terms, avoid penalties and interest charges and save taxpayer money. The majority of invoices have terms that range from 30 to 90 days. Once departmental processing is complete and any issues are resolved, Accounting Services then processes the payment within 5 working days.

Investments
The city takes advantage of higher yields with investments in the Municipal, Corporate, and Government sectors. So far in 2019 the weighted average yield rate is 2.21%, which is up from 1.44% for 2017 and 2.05% for 2018.
The portfolio balance has increased in both held positions and cash balances, primarily due to growth in sales and use tax revenue in the General Fund, as well as increased water sales and development fees held in cash balances to fund future water capital projects.

Financing Transactions Over Previous 12 Months
In the course of the recent AMC refinancing, the city’s credit rating was upgraded to the highest possible rating of Aaa.
Pending transactions include the 2019 Heavy Fleet ($4 million) and in 2020, the Southeast Rec Center ($30 million).

Delinquent Tax Collections
Delinquent collections of $213,600 in November are in line with past historical averages. Year-to-date collections are higher than average with the additional collections attributable to the work of collections staff but also are believed to be partially attributable to the new tax system’s ability to more accurately capture delinquent revenue collections.

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